ALBANY.

HOW TWEED'S GOVERNOR AVOIDS UNPLEASANT DISCLOSURES AFFRAY IN THE ASSEMBLY—WHAT IT COSTS TO RUN THE TAMMANY MA-CHINE-MYSTERIOUS AMENDMENT TO THE VIADUCT RAILWAY ACT.

ALBANY, April 7 .- When the Governor is ALBANY, April 1.—When the Governor is srought in contact with a bill which he knows he ought o velo, but which for "various reasons" he doesn't like o, unpleasant disclosures are avoided by a "respectful ssage" from both Houses requesting a return of the message from both Houses requesting a return of the bill for correction. In some cases the bill can be smended in such a way as to make it satisfactory; in others it is never heard of again. This morning Mr. Fields got a respectful message through the Assembly for the return of his Gas bill—another tribute to public

The peace of the Assembly was broken, this evening by an exhibition of brutality which is, perhaps, without precedent in the history of the New-York Legislature. The detestable "striking" bill, to repeal the law and sunul the contract by which the Albany and Susquebanns Railroad was leased, two years ago, to the Dela and Hudson Canal Company, after having very re ently received the marked condemnation of the Assem had been again brought to the surface by the Chairman of the Railroad Committee. That gentleman, Mr. Flugg of Rensselaer, had asked for a suspension of the rules, which requires a two-thirds vote, in order that he might introduce a resolution that the Railroad Combe discharged from the further consideration of ons bill, and that the same be ordered to a third reading. While Mr. Flagg was endeavering to innence the House by a specious plea that the bill was a med at a coal monopoly, Mr. Weed of Clinton en ered, and, having ascertained the object of the resolution, proceeded to the Clerk's deak to overlook the tally of as and Nays. While there, Mr. Irving of New-York, siso of the Railroad Committee, applied some abusive epithets to Mr. Weed, and finally shoved against him. weed told him to go away, that he wanted nothing do with him. Irving then attempted to strike him. Both then rushed into the Clerk's room, in the rear of the Speaker's desk, where Irving struck Weed a powerful blow in the face, inflicting an ugly gash under his eye, and knocking his head against the door-post. Mr. Irving was restrained from inflicting further injuries by those who surrounded him. Making every allowance for Irving's ungovernable passions, which of late years his freing's ungovernable passions, which of late years his friends say he has made every effort to subdue, his con-duct is conceded, even by those who would gladly sympa-thize with him, to be susceptible of no defense. He is a man of extraordinary physical powers, and until very recently was considered a match for any fighting man in the country. Mr. Weed, who is a lawyer by profession and a graduate of Harvard, sought no quarrel, and the only provocation Mr. Irving had was that Mr. Weed resented the language which was addressed to him. As may be imagined, the Assembly was much excited, and, on motion of Mr. Fields, a Committee of five, consisting of Messrs, Fields, Frear, Nicholas, Alvord, and Little ohn, was appointed to investigate the circumstances of the case and report to the House to-morrow morning The scandalous motion of Mr. Flagg, which was, morally, not a particle less disgraceful than the act of his second, was defeated by the decisive vote of 68 to 41, all the Republicans present and many Democrats voting against

The amount of money authorized by this Legislature to be raised by the sale of bonds for the purposes of Tweed, Sweeny & Co., as corrected to date, is \$11,000,000, as

For New-York Railway Stock.
For Improvement of Parks.
For Water-Pipes.
For further supply of Water.
For building Court-Houses. 700,000 \$11,000,000 By an amendment to the bill for the consolidation of

The Governor has signed the bills for the consolidation of the debt of New-York City and County, and for aid to the Viaduct Railway. The latter bill was amended by somebody-certainly not by either the Senate or Assembly of the State of New-York-by the insertion of a clause stating that nothing contained in the bill should be construed to antherize the construction of a surface

consolidated.

vailroad in any of the streets of New-York City. The last clause of the amendment to the Tax Levy bill, dded in the Schate yesterday, seems to modify considerably the force of what precedes in relation to sectarian

crably the force of what precedes in relation to sectarian schools. It provides that the excise moneys derived from licenses for the sale of intoxicating liquors since the organization of the present Board of Excise Commissioners, and the moneys hereafter received for such licenses, may be appropriated "for charitable purposes" by the Board of Apportionment as they may determine from fine to time. What is this but the conversion of the excise moneys into a special fund for the assistance of sectarian schools?

The Senate has adjourned over from 1 p. m. to-day unfill Monday evening. The Assembly has voted to adjourn from formorrow at 2 p. m. until Monday evening. Business has been rushed throughout the week at break-neck pieced, in order that a final adjournment may be reached on Friday or Saturday next, yet it is somewhat doubtful whether that end can be accomplished. The period of 100 days expires on Wednesday next, after which the 43 per diem to members of the Legislature ceases.

LEGISLATIVE PROCEEDINGS. SENATE ... ALBANY, April 7, 1871.

Mr. Tweed introduced a bill to amend the Election law, providing for separate boxes to contain the tickets for Congressmen, Senators, and Assembly-

A large number of bills were passed, including the one relative to the fees of Sheriffs, excepting New-York, Kings, and Westchester Counties-17 to 7. The Senate adjourned until Monday at 72 p. m.

ASSEMBLY.

Mr. Kelley introduced a bill similar to Mr. Creamer's in the Senate, putting religious societies on the same footing with other corporations. The bill incorporating the New-York and New-Jersey

Railroad Bridge Company having been rejected, Mr. Burns moved a reconsideration, in order to have the sec tion allowing the corporate authorities of New-York to subscribe to the capital stock stricken out. The motion to reconsider was carried, and the bill was recommitted to the Judiciary Committee. Recess.

to the Judiciary Committee. Recess.

EVENING SESSION.

Mr. Flagg moved that the Railroad Committee be discharged from the further consideration of the bill to repeal the section of the charter of the Delaware and Hudson Canal Company authorizing the lease of railroads. Objected to.

Mr. Flagg then moved to lay the order of business on the table, with a view to make his motion. Lost—41 to 68.

The affray between Messrs. Wood and Irving then took place.

place. Speaker Hitchman then took the chair, and called the

Speaker Hitchman then took the chair, and caned the attention of the House to the matter.

Mr. Fields moved a committee of investigation to report to morrow morning, which was unanimously carried. Mears: Fields, Frear, Nicholas, Littlejohn and Alvord being named as the Committee.

Much feeling was exhibited in the House among the members at the outrage, and at first there was a disposition to dispose of the case at once, but the Speaker urged that further time be taken in the matter.

The passage of bills was then resumed, and the Assembly soon after adjourned.

THE GERMAN PEACE FESTIVAL

The Festival Committee requests all Germans of New-York and its environs to suspend business on Monday, and invites the public at large to unite in the celebration. It is stated that the Mayor will order the streets along the line of Monday's procession to be

cleaned on Sunday night.

The New-York Turnverein, which will not participate in the Grand Peace Celebration on account of a religious feature, has arranged a separate celebration, consisting of a Vorfeier at the Turn Hall, on Sunday, when Dr. Von Holst will deliver an oration, and a decoration of the busts of Schiller and Humboldt in Central Park, on Monday, by the ladies of the organization.

A BOLD ROBBERY-CAPTURE OF THE THIEVES. John Williamson and Charles Brooks, professional thieves, entered the apartments of John Pur cell, on the second floor of No. 68 Carmine-st., last even-Mr. and Mrs. Purcell were absent, their daughter, Maggie, age 10, being the only person present. The thieves inquired of her if her parents were in. She re-plied "No," when one of the thieves drew a pistol, and pointing it at her head, told her if she made any noise he ired of her if her parents were in. She re would blow her brains out. She promised to keep quiet, and they then ransacked the apartments, and left with a

and they then ransacked the apartments, and left with a quantity of clothing and jewelry, value \$150.

As soon as they had gone, the girl ran to where her father is employed, and told him what had occurred. He informed Capt. McDonneil of the Eighth Precinct Police, and officers were dispatched in scarch of the thieves. In the mean time, officer Policy had seen two men passing along Broomes-at, near Laurensest, carrying bundles. As the officer came up to them, they dropped their plunder and fied in different directions.

They were pursued, and both were ultimately secured, together with the bundles they had dropped. They were taken to the Prince-st. Police-Station. Mr. Purcell recognized the articles as his, and his daughter fully identified the men. In their possession were found some alceleton keys. They were locked up, and to-day will be taken before Justice Shandley, at the Jefferson Market Police Court.

ARMY OF THE TENNESSEE.

CINCINNATI, April 7 .- The Society of the army of the Tennessee met again to-day. Madison, Wis., was chosen as the next place of meeting, which will be Meade, Hazen, McCook, and others, made brief ad-diresses. The following Vice-Presidents were elected: Gen. Sleek of Indiana; Lieut. Mustigan of Ohis; Lieut. Puterbaugh, Col. Reynold, Col. Cadle of Alabama: Col. Heath of Missouri; Gen. Hubbard Thayer of Nebraska; Capt. Kenny of Iowa; Col. Brostow of Kentucky; Col. Howe of Wyoming Territory, I and Col. Kinsdale of Michigan. A banquet last evening closed the exercises. The Committee to raise funds for the benefit of the family of Gen. Rawlins were not present. Gen. Sherman said he had heard that the body of Gen. Rawlins was allowed to lie in a vault by the charity of its owner. The annual address was delivered last evening by Col. John W. Noble of Iowa.

GENERAL FOREIGN NEWS

CENTRAL AND SOUTH AMERICA

THE SAN SALVADOR AND HONDURAS WAR-HEAVY LOSSES FROM THE FRESHETS IN PERU. PANAMA, April 2, via Kingston, Jamaica .-Intelligence has been received from Central America to

San Salvador has sent a battalion of men to protect the frontier and prevent invasion by the forces of Honuras. Guatemala has also dispatched troops to the routier to preserve her territory from being violated by

frontier to preserve her territory from semigerents.

The troops of San Salvador met a force of Hondurlans near San Miguel. An engagement took place, and the latter were defeated.

According to advices from Lima, Peru, of March 22, the recent freshets there did immense damage. The losses are estimated at \$5,000,000. The Government is giving assistance to many of the sufferers, whose homes and provisions were swept away. The storm was the heaviest experienced in 30 years.

The United States steamer Nipsic is still at Aspinwall.

MISCELLANEOUS CABLE DISPATCHES.The child of the Princess of Wales is

... Yesterday being Good Friday, and a re-cognized holiday, the markets at London, Liverpool, and elsewhere in England were closed. ... The United States storeship Supply, from New-York with a cargo of provisions for the destitute people of certain districts of France, arrived at Havre on Wednesday.

GOULD OUTWITTED.

A NEW SCENE IN GRAND OPERA-THE ERIE PRESIDENT BAGGED BY A U. S. DEPUTY MARSHAL-ERIE'S IMPOTENT WRATH.

Jay Gould, of the stock-concealing and convertible-bend-issuing firm of Fisk, Gould & Co., has been afraid for several days that Judge Blatchford's injune tion restraining him from issuing any more convertible bonds of the Eric Railroad Company would be served or him. He therefore threw out pickets to watch the officers of the law and warn him of their approach. So active and vigilant were these pickets that Gould was not surprised and captured until Thursday evening. On that evening Deputy United States Marshals Purvis and Smith went to Gould's house for the purpose of serv-ing the injunction upon him. Gould, as usual, was absent. After the officers had waited some time, the porter informed them that it was impossible to tell when he would come home. They then went to Fisk's Grand Opera House, in Eigth-ave. Purvis took a seat in the front row of the orchestra chairs, and asked one of the ushers, who did know him, if Gould was in the house; the usher said he was, and Purvis soon discovered him sitting by Fisk in his private box. While he was deliber ating as to the feasibility of jumping on the stage, in troducing a scene not set down in the bill, and carrying the box by storm, Gould left it, and came down the left aisle of the house. Purvis immeniately got up and followed him. When he had nearly overtaken him, two employes of the Opera House tried to stop him; but he pushed them aside, saying, "I am a United States officer; don't undertake to stop me." He finally reached Gould, tapped him gently on the shoulder, thrust a copy of the injunction into his bosom, between the shirt and vest, and said: "Excuse me, Mr. Gould, here is a copy of the injunction I was or-dered to serve upon you! We sometimes have to do these things in a hurry." The excitement had then become great; the play was stopped, and the crowd forced Purvis somewhat violently against Gould, who is dethe debt, the above sum is included in the amount to be scribed by a spectator as being pale, trembling, and speechless with rage.

Extricating himself from the crowd as quickly and quietly as possible, Purvis left the house. A policeman stationed at the Opera House followed and arrested him for assault, without a warrant, without seeing the as-sault committed, and without seeing any marks of vic-

GOOD FRIDAY AND EASTER SUNDAY-TO-MOR-ROW'S SERVICES.

There was quite a general suspension of unsiness yesterday in thi city and Brooklyn in honor of Good Friday. The different financial and commercial exchanges held no sessions, the courts adjourned, and the public schools and many of the public offices were closed. Services were held in the Roman Catholic and Episcopal churches.

This evening the Roman Catholic churches will lay aside their somber decorations and assume others of bright and joyous hues, including thousands of flowers and tapers. At St. Patrick's Cathedral, to-morrow, the chief service of the day, at 10 a. m., will be Mass No. 6, in F Major, by Gustauus Schmitz.

At St. Anne's, in East Twelfth-st., the music to be performed is L. Dachauer's Third Mass; for Offeratory, Regina Cathi, solo and chorus, L. Dachauer's Chero, Cathing Cathing, Oo and chorus, L. Dachauer's Chero, Overture and Triumphal March, for four hands and pedal, will be given by Miss M. Krebs and M. Daclauz, the organist.

The German Church of the Holy Redeemer, in Thirdst., will have an Easter procession this evening, in which 400 children, robed in white, and carrying lighted tapers, will participate, an organ, choir, and orchestra rendering the music. On Sunday, Mozart's Twelfth Mass will be given, with a full choir and orchestra of 27 pieces, and a a chorus of 50 voices.

At St. Peter's Church, in Barclay-st., Haydn's Imperial Mass will be rendered by a double quartette, assisted by a chorus. Solemn High Mass will be celebrated, and a sermon on the Feast of the Resurrection will be preached by the Rev. H. P. Gallagher of San Francisco.

Solemn High Mass will be celebrated at St. Joseph's Church, at Sixth-ave, and Washington-place, and one of Haydn's Masses will be sung by the choir, and a sermon preached by the Rev. John P. McClaney.

There will be a solemn service at St. Vincent de Paul's Catholic Church, at 10:30 in the morning, at which selections from Beethoven will be given, and Father Lemauf, pastor, will preach.

At St. Albans, in East Forty-seventh-st., there will be a communion service to-morrow, at 7 a. m.. The principal service will begin at 104 a. m. The features of it will be the Introit, Syric, by Gounod; Credo, by Calkins, and Gloria in Ercelais and Benedictus, also by Gounod. There will be an anthem during the Offertory. The regular choral service of 18 or 20 voices will render the music.

At Christ Church, Fifth-ave, and Goule quarteti aside their somber decorations and assume others of bright and joyous hues, including thousands of flowers

regular choical Service of 1860. Solidary for the music.

At Christ Church, Fifth-ave, and Thirty-fifth-st,, the service will be given by chancel and double quartette choirs, under the direction of Dr. Cutler. The service begins with the regular Pealins for the day, the two choirs chanting alternate verses. A Te Deum, by Cutler, in E Flat. Anthem from Handel's Messalh, "I know that my Redeemer liveth," followed by a chorus for the choral choir, "Christ is risen from the dead." At 3; p. m. there will be a children's festival, at which carols will be sung.

THE COVENANTER CHURCH TRIAL-A PRACTICAL VICTORY FOR MR STUART.

PHILADELPHIA, April 7.—The jury in the great church case, to whom Judge Williams's charge was delivered yesterday, came into Court this morning, after being out 24 hours, having disagreed, and were dis being out 24 hours, having disagreed, and were dis-charged. This leaves the case as it stood at the begin-ning, three years sgo, and, according to the charge and the law, is in favor of the defendants. Of the 47 minis-ters on the roll of the Synoe' that suspended Mr. Stuart, in 1885, only 20 are new recognized by the Synod, and of these only 16 are busicors, thus showing that the action of that Synod in the case of Mr. Stuart has been disas-trous to the Reformed Presbyterian Church.

in Utah Territory, whence it came to South Amboy by in Utah Territory, whence it came to South Amboy by rail, and was there transferred to a lighter for conveyance to New-York. It was intended to ship it to Waies to be smelted. As the barge was on the way up the harbor, one night last Winter, inflow of the Camden and Amboy's steamer Atlas, she was struck amidships by an outward-bound steamer of the Inman Line and instantly capsized. One of the crew on the barge was drowned. The Camden and Amboy Company, with the aid of a wrecking schooner and a diver, has already succeeded in bags containing about 100 pounds each. The diver remains below about five hours per day, and the bags are raised to the surface by means of a steam windlass. The work was inspected yesterday afternoon by some of the officials of the Company.

OBITUARY.

ADMIRAL TEGHETOFF.

The distinguished Admiral, William Baron de Teghetoff, who died yesterday, was the son of an Austrian colonel, and was born at Marsburg, Styria, in 1827. He studied at the Venice Naval School, and entered the navy in 1845. In 1849 he took part in the blockade of Venice, and attained the rank of captain in 1857, when he was sent to Egypt to improve the trade between Austria and that country. The year following, he received command of the corvette Archduke Frederick, and took part in the naval operations of the war against France. Boon after, he was placed in charge of one of the departments of the Admiralty. He accompanied the Archduke Maximilian to Brazil, and, in 1860, was placed in command of a shipof-war.

Teghetoff, in 1862, received command of the Austrian Adriatic Squadron. Two years later he was transferred to the control of the North Sea Squadron, and gained a victory over the Danes at Heligoland. In the Austro-Italian war of 1866, Teghetoff commanded the Austrian fleat, and gained the important victory of Lissa. On that occasion the Austrian fleet of 25 vessels. including seven iron-clads, dispersed the Italian fleet of 34 vessels, and sunk the Re d'Italia. Toward the close of the year, Teghetoff traveled abroad, and was in this country in 1867, when he was instructed to apply in Mexico for the body of the ill-fated Archduke Maximilian, and convey it to Austria. He accomplished this duty, and, the month after his return home, was placed in charge of the naval section which had just been attached to the War Depart-

AN IMPORTANT OUTLET FOR WESTERN PRODUCE.

Some improvement upon our present means of transporting the surplus products of the Western States to the markets and ports of this coast is specially desirable, and must be devised. Now, half-and some-times more than half-the cost of most of what we cat is made up of the high rates for land carriage from the fields where it is grown to the towns and villages where it is consumed. Our great source of supply for breadstuffs, provisions, and the like, lies on the other slope of the Alleghany range, 500 to 1,000 miles away. The Texas steer, which sells for \$25 at the railroad stations in Kansas, costs \$75 here; wheat, which can be bought in Wisconsin and Iowa fields for 75 cents per bushel, brings \$1 25 in New-York, and cera, of which there is a surfeit at 40 to 50 cents per bushel in ten Western States, we have to pay \$1 for. So of flour and pork, for which farmers and shippers fare vainly looking for some cheaper outlet to the ocean. Our railroads, with the addition of a canal for part of the year, are unable to move all the produce which the West has to spare; or rather, by the limits of the aggregate capacity of three or four trunk lines, freight charges are kept high enough to repress traffle to its present volume. The surplus of these ten populous agricultural States is increasing much faster than the capacity of the East and West lines. Ten or twenty years hence we shall need double our present freight-howing facilities. Various plans are proposed and discussed to meet this want, such as a canal across Canada, uniting Lakes Huron and Ontario; a canal over the Alleghanies, to lift boats from the Ohio to the Cheapeake; steam-towed barges down the Mississippi to the Gulf, and others of equally unpromising aspect. It is evident, however, that we need some more constant, reliable, and modern device, such as a first-class low-grade railroad, unfortered by expensive consolidations.

We notice, with satisfaction, active progress on the extension to the Ohio River of the old established and successful road through Central Virginia, under the new name and organization, "the Chesapeako and Ohio R-diroad," which must have an important bearing on this problem of increased transportation and cheaper freights. But for the interposition of the late war, this line would doubtl made up of the high rates for land carriage from the fields where it is grown to the towns and villages where

for assault, without a warrant, without seeing the assault committed, and without seeing any marks of violence proposed to the seed of the committed of the com

will have but about \$15,000,000 of the former to provide for, and a like amount of the latter, to share the surplus earnings. As it has been demonstrated both in England and in this country that heavy freights can be hauled at a profit at one cent per tun per mile, it would appear, therefore, that if any railroad can afford to give us cheaper freights, and still retain a rargin of profit for outlay of capital, this new line is that one.

It is claimed, indeed, that all the conditions for a mighty interchange of productions exist here in the greatest perfection. The iron and coal are in demand at either end of the line for East and West markets. The manifacture can be carried on with less cost than at any of the present iron centers. The tobacco of Virginia and Kentucky, the cotton of Tennessee and Arkansas, the cattle and provisions of the States bordering on the Ohio, the cereals and breadstuffs of the States bordering on the Upper Mississippi and the North-West Lakes, can all find a short and inexpensive route to the ever-open Chesapeake Harbor. It is not improbable that a line of the cetablishment of this new trunk line to the Middle and Western States. From the waters of the Lower James River all these articles, including Kanawha coal, can be moved at trifling cost to all coastwise ports, including New-York.

PERSONAL.

The Princess Dora d'Istra has been admitted to honorary membership of the Smyrna Philological Society.

The German actress, Hedwige Raabe, who is soon to visit this country, was married in Berlin, on the 6th of March, to the distinguished tener, Niemann. Madame Rudersdorf and the English tenor

Cummings have been engaged to sing at the Triennial estival of the Boston Handel and Haydn Society, next Mdme. Lætitia Bonaparte-Wyse died at Rome

on the 15th ult. She was a daughter of Lucien Bonaparte, and married Sir Thomas Wyse, the British Embassador John Cape Hennessy is about to succeed Sir

James Walker as Governor of New-Providence. Mr. Hennessy was once a prominent member of the British Parliament, and has been for some years Governor of The City of San Francisco has decided to

build a new City Hall, which is also to be occupied by the Courts of Law and Record. Premiums were offered for plans and specifications, and the first premium was awarded to Mr. Augustus Sauer of New-York, who has also been appointed Superintendent of Construction. Amadeus, the new King of Spain, has found

the climate of Madrid so trying to his usually robust health that he thinks he must spend the Winter further South. His physicians have recommended Malora. The South. His physicians have recommended Malaga. The Spanish Republicans advise his return to Italy, if he has any desire to live long. Gen. Duff Green, once so prominent a poli-

tician that he received the credit of making Andrew Jackson President, and during the war a most violent and virulent supporter of the Rebellion, is now living very quetly and almost forgotten in Dalton, Ga. As the nation has allowed him to sink into obscurity, he declares the nation no longer exists.

The former Lady Bulwer, who has been living very quietly of late years, seldom going into society, is stated to have been writing a religious novel, illustrating the conversion of a fashionable woman of the world through a long series of afflictions. The new book is said to be as different as can be from her earlier works —"Cheveley" and "Bianca Capello."

THE BROADWAY LOTTERY SWINDLE OPEN AGAIN-NO BUSINESS DONE.

The "Merchants' and Manufacturers' Cooperative Distribution" swindle, at Nos. 596 and 598 Broadway, was open yesterday and last evening, the District Attorney having decided that Etias must be given possession of the premises pending the trial of the ters on the roll of the Synod that suspended Mr. Stuart, in 1868, only 20 are new recognized by the Synod, and of these only 16 are nestors, thus showing that the action of that Synod in the case of Mr. Stuart has been disastrous to the Reformed Presbyterian Church.

RECOVERING SILVER ORE IN THE HARBOR.

Whe work of recovering about 16 tuns of silver ore, now lying at a depth of 23 feet in the bay, is vigorously advancing. The ore is very pure, the crystals being imbedded in dark blue quartz rock. It was mined to the premises pending the trial of the case. Police were present, however, to see that the articles were posted up announcing that business would be resumed on Monday, when the drawing would take place as before. The place was througed with people, who wandered around, examining the articles and commenting on the probability of the drawing being allowed to go on.

The concert advertised for hat evoluting came biff in Steinway Hall, and was attended by a large crowd of these who had purchased foster on Monday and Tuestaly last, before the place, as the place as before. The place was througed with people, who wandered around, examined the articles would be resumed on Monday and Tuestal and the probability of the drawing being allowed to go on.

POLITICAL.

OHIO.

THE NEW REPUBLICAN MOVEMENT. The Central Republican Association of Hamilton County, Ohio, whose "Declaration of principles" was recently published, held its first public meeting in Cincinnation Wednesday evening. The hall was filled, says The Gazette, with "the most substantial and thoughtful men of the city, of both parties, with a decided pre-ponderance of Republicans." There seems to have been little enthusiasm manifested, but a patient, thoughtful, and intelligent attention was given to the speakers, with moderate applause.

Judge Stanley Matthews, President of the Association,

called the meeting to order, and was the first speaker. He said he would explain the necessity and objects of called the meeting to order, and was the first speaker. He said he would explain the necessity and objects of the Association. Its published declaration sets forth four propositions. The first is a declaration in favor of general amnesty. The second is a declaration in favor of duties for revenue, as distinguished from protection. The third is a declaration in favor of Civil Service reform. The fourth proposition is that the currency of the country should be based upon gold and silver, and convertible into specie at the will of the holder. Judge Matthews then referred to the allegation somewhat broadly thrown out, that the members of the Central Republican Party. The preamble of the declaration sets forth its adhesion to the Republican party so clearly and declaively that whenever any member of the Association shall cease to be a Republican be must also cease to be a member of the Association. Judge Matthews said he was a Republican, and was proud of the fact. Within reasonable limits be was a partisan. He recognized the necessity and value of political partisanship; but he instited that there must we a limit to such partisanship, unless we consent to make it altogether an ascent of evil. They set out, he said, with affirming their determination to maintain the great results of the war of the Rebellion, to wit: The integrity of the Union and the fidelity of all men before the law, without distinction of race, color, or condition. They were in favor of maintaining the right of every state of the Union. To accomplish this they were in favor, as one great measure of general amnesty, of wining out now all distinction on account of past political offense. The speaker then spoke of the tariff. He denied the right of the Government to levy a tariff to "take money out of the pocket of one citizen and put it in the pocket of another citizen."

another citizen."

And especially was the speaker opposed to levying a tariff which should put \$5 in the pockets of the capitalists and speculators to every one dollar it would add to the revenue. Then, too, an irredeemable currency was an unmitigated evil.

ists and speculators to every one deliar it would add to the revenue. Then, too, an irredeemable currency was an unmitigated evil.

Judge Matthews then said the right of the gentlemen composing the Republican association to express their opinion or give their advice to the Republican party has been by some person sneeringly called in question. They contended for the right of every Republican to have, and to express, his own opinions. If the President has the right to promulgate a policy, so has every member of the party. They did not propose to lease the party or divide it, but proposed to advocate the propositions they had advanced, and if they got a unjority with them they expected to exercise the right of the majority by making these measures party measures.

Ex-Secretary Cox also addressed the meeting. He said he believed in free discussion in political affairs. The man who waited on a caucus or a convention for his opinions was a mental siave. He said he had been unfortunate enough to differ considerably with many prominent Republicans as to the best mode of smoothing over the rough piaces left by the war. He agreed with Gov. Andrew in his last imagural that as early as possible we should bring to our help, in settling the affairs at the South, the wealth, intelligence, and character of that section. Gov. Cox said it was a mistake not to follow Gov. Andrew's advice, and secure that aid by general amnesty. We could not punish the great mass. The true policy was to so treat the inducatial white men of the South as to put upon them the responsibility of the condition of things there.

Gov. Cox then passed to the discussion of the Tariff. He was opposed to "fostering by a hot-bed growth any system of industry at the public expense." All the attempts at enforced methods of protection had been failures. He spoke very briefly of civil-service reform. As to the currency, what we wanted was a fixed system by which we could know where we were going to come out; that is to say, some definite understanding as to a ret

Peter H. Clark, a prominent colored Republican of Cin-Peter H. Clark, a prominent colored Republican of Cincinnati, followed Secretary Cox, confining his attention to the subject of general amnesty. He urged the necessity of this policy, and was heartily applanded. Judge Coffin remarked that the Association was an open one, and free to every Republican who would sign the declaration of principles. Letters were received from the Hon. Horace White of Chicago, Geo. Wm. Curtis of New-York, Messrs. Follett of Sandusky, Kellogg of Brooklyn, Bowles of Springfield, and others, approving the purposes of the Association.

CONNECTICUT ELECTION.

The Hartford Courant gives the following as he vote of Connecticut for State officers other than Gov-

| rnor: | LIEUT. GOV. | | SECRETARY. | | TREASURER. | | CONTROLLER. | |
|-----------|-------------|----------------|------------|---------|-----------------|--------------|-------------|----------------|
| | Rep. | Dem. Hotch- | Rep. | Dem. | Rep. | Liem. | Hep. | |
| Countles. | | kiss. 9762 | man. | Waller. | Nichols 9718 | 97:0 | . 97.95 | Logan. 9760 |
| ew Haven | 10097 | 11704 | .10421 | 5206 | .19434 | 5169 | | 1170G 5168 |
| signald | | 8452 2003 | 7948 | 8443 | 1905 | 8435 2201 | | 5453 2200 |
| Vindham | 4817 | 5137 | 4321 | 5136 | 4309 | 5135 | 4798 | 5139 2321 |
| diddlesex | 2295 | 1997. | | | 2290 | | 2206 | 1904 |

Total. 47,647 47,341 47,617 47,367 47,674 47,335 47,665 47,3 Majority for Tyler, Rep., for Lieutenant-Governor, 306; do. for Appelman, for Secretary of State, 250; do. for Nichols, for Treasurer, 339; do. for Manning, for Con-

| VOIE FOR | 871 | 69 |
|---|---|-----------------------------------|
| Districts. Rep. 1. 8trong. Hartford 9744 Tolland 2239 | 2659 9127 | 2029 |
| Middlesex | Go. in 1809, 739. Kenirick. Kellogg. 2800. 3170 10901 9932 | 10881 Babrock, 2684 9994 |
| Total | 5185 5677 2317 3835 | 4663 2150 |
| Total 8037 Majority for Starkweath IV Coffig. Fairfield 7884 Litchfield 4693 | Barrom Beart. | 6813 2,399. Barrum. |
| Total12577 Majority for Barnum, 1,0 | 13653 11915 76; do. in 1869, 1,179. | 13085 |
| MISS | JSSIPPL. | |

SENATOR AMES AND GOV. ALCORN.

Jackson, April 7 .- Senator Ames has written a letter to certain members of the Mississippi Legislature, charging Gov. Alcorn with bad faith to the Republican party, and comparing his own administration with that of

Dr. Dowd, a leading Republican and President pro tem of the State Senate, has introduced the following resolution:

resolution:

Whereas, Senator Ames recently presented and caused to be read before the United States Senate a letter, dated Legislative Department of Mississippi, Senate Chamber, Jackson, March 9, 1871, declaratory of the fact that school-houses were being burned throughout the whole State of Mississippi, and that teachers of schools were being driven off, and Whereas, Charges of this sweeping character tend to the shame of our people, and place the brand of barbarism on the brow of our State, and, if true, reflect dishoner on the constituents of the legislative body from which Senator Ames derived his credentials under which he holds his seat in the United States Senate; and Whereas, We, the representatives of the people, conscious of the great wrong done to the State in the utterance of that Senator, whose duty it is to shield us from slander, have thought it proper to reply to the imputation of the Senator; therefore,

Resolved, by the Senate, the House concurring, that the utterance of an anonymous correspondent, as indorsed by our said Senator, constitutes a libel upon the people of Mississippi, which we now repel.

Great excitement prevails here to-day over the difficulty between Representatives Landrun, Democrat,

culty between Representatives Landrun, Democrat, and French, Republican, the former having posted the latter as a poltroon and coward. All parties concerned were arrested. GOV. ALCORN'S CAVALRY BILL PASSED IN THE

SENATE. MEMPHIS, Tenn., April 7.-A special dispatch from Jackson, Miss., to The Acalanche to-night, says that a bill was passed by the Senate to-day authorizing the Governor to appoint a force of cavalry sufficient to sup-

press the lawless bands now existing. WISCONSIN ELECTION. MILWAUKEE, April 7 .- Returns from all parts of the State indicate that the Hon. W. P. Lyon will re-

ceive 10,000 majority for Associate Justice of the Supreme Court. POLITICS IN PATERSON.

A grand mass meeting of Republicans was held in Paterson, at the Wigwam, last evening. Addresses were made by the Hon. Socrates Tuttle, Senator Williams, Assemblyman Hemingway, and Adam Carr. The citi-Assembly man Hemingway, and Adam Carr. The citizens are urged to vote for municipal reform. The City Trensurer's report shows that in 1870 the expenditures made by a Democratic administration were \$1,003,881 05 in excess of the amount expended by a Republican administration in 1867. The increase is over 400 per cent. The municipal election will take place on Monday.

POLITICAL NOTES. Major Warren (Rep.) was elected Mayor of

Kansas City, Mo., on Tuesday.

John Briest, editor of The Emporium, has seen nominated by the Democrats for Mayor of Trenton.

The Committee of Organization of the German Republican Central Committee met last night and

delected George Reininger, Prosident; John Prinkner, Umari

Supervisors, Maj. Towns,
A.W. Hadden, 65 Phillipstown, Geo. McClabe.

J. B. Stenser, 9 Pulman Valley, Starten Starte, 55
Sayler Mahla, no op. bourlierast. Deniel Baker, 25
cans (la Roman), 5; Denne (la Roman), 6; Denne (la Roman), 8; Denne

lems, 1. This is the first time the Republicans ever had a ma-ority in the Board. In Carmel, Kent, and Phillipstown, he Democrats elected nearly all of their ticket, except warrying. Supervisors.

NEW-YORK TOWN ELECTIONS-SUPERVISORS

A NATIONAL EMIGRATION BUREAU ES TABLISHED.

INAUGURAL MEETING APRIL 11 IN DEMILT HALL -PROMINENT CITIZENS IN COUNCIL WITH THE EMIGRATION SOCIETIES AND LAND COM-

PANIES OF THE WEST AND SOUTH. A Provisional Committee having been formed for the promotion of emigration from the Atlantic Coast to the West and South for the general distribution of labor throughout the United States and Territories, an inaugural meeting will be held at Demilt Hall, corner of labor throughout the United States and Territories, an inaugural meeting will be held at Demlit Hall, corner of Second-ave, and Twenty-third-st., on Tuesday evening, April 11, at 7:39 o'clock. The meeting will be addressed by Horace Greelcy, John Mitchel, and Nelson W. Young, in regard to emigration generally; by Charles W. Godard for a Florida Colony, under the auspices of the Florida Improvement Company; Gen. John D. Imboden, for a Virginia Colony; Paul N. Spofford, for a Texas Colony, under the auspices of the International Railroad Company; Emanuel B. Hart, in regard to the probable immigration or land policy of the Texas Pacific Railroad, and of a colony in Texas; John S. Loudis, in regard to the probable immigration policy of the Northern Pacific Railroad; C. K. Marshall, on behalf of a colony in Arkansas, under the auspices of the Arkansas Emigration Society, of which H. C. Davis is President; also of a colony in West Virginia, under the auspices of the New-York Southern Land Company, of which Sandy A. Lindsey is President, and of a colony in Mississippi, under the auspices of the Mississippi Emigration Society, of which A. M. Weet is President. The call for the meeting is signed by Horace Greeley, Paul N. Spofford, Thomas W. Pearsall, Marshall O. Roberts, Charles W. Godard, Thomas W. Canfield, Edwin de Leon, Anthony J. Bleecker, Sandy A. Lindsey, Nathaniel Sands, Ch. Lassalle, editor of Courrier des Edut Units; G. F. Sechi de Casali, editor of L'Eco D'Italia; A. M. Stewart, editor of New-Tork Albinn; S. M. Isaacs, editor of Jewish Messenger, Gustavus Obom, editor of Scondinarisk Post; John Mitchel. editor of New-Torker Demokrat, Provisional Committee.

POUGHKEEPSIE, April 7 .- At the Methodist Episcopal Conference, at Peckskill, to-day, T. W. Chadwick gave a glowing description of the work of Methodism in the Prattsville district, and A. H. Ferguson which 5,000 persons have been converted in four years. The Rev. J. B. Wakely spoke eloquently of the Orange County district. The young men in the Conference classes have all passed a rigid examination. Dr. T. J. Peck made an address to-day in behalf of the Syracuse University. Bishop Clark, the presiding officer, has been too ill to attend to-day. It is expected, however, that he will resume his seat to-morrow. spoke at length of the cause in the Ellenville district, in

THE NEW-YORK METHODIST CONFERENCE.

THE "CLEANED STAMP" OPERATORS ARRESTED. Col. Whitley and some of his officers arrested Charles D. Scribner and David A. Miller, yesterday, for dealing in cleaned revenue and postage stamps, varying in value from one cent to \$50, and sold by the prisoners much below the market rate. The ink marks prisoners much below the market rate. The last marks were removed with the bloride of soda, and the stamps would pass as readily as new ones. The prisoners have sold large quantities of these stamps to bankers, brokers, merchants and others, in the possession of the accused, when arrested, was a value containing about \$20,000 worth of the cleaned stamps. The prisoners contessed their guilt, and were locked up at Police Headquarters.

LECTURES, MEETINGS, ETC. The students of the Cooper Union will pub-

cly debate the Santo Domingo question on the 29th inst. Dr. Lord delivered the last lecture of his course in Association Hall last evening, to a large audience, upon "Daniel Webster." Dr. C. F. Chandler will deliver the lecture

in the free scientific course at Cooper Institute, this evening, on "Illuminating Gas." The meeting of the New-York Sabbath Com-

mittee at Association Hall, to morrow evening, will be addressed by the Rev. Dr. John Hall, Nathan Bishop, LL. D., and Charles Tracy. Judge R. L. Larremore, delivered, last evening, the eleventh of the course of University Law Leeing, the eleventh of the course of University Law Lec-tures on "Land Tenures." He discussed three points:

1. The origin and nature of tenures. 2. The means by which they have been acquired and perpetuated. 3. Their influence upon governments and individuals. In closing he said: "Agriculture will ever be the handmaid of independence, patriotism the natural product of the soil, and land tenures the sheet-anchor of conservatism."

The Atlantic Boat Club of Hoboken elected the following officers last night: President, Cassimer Fay, Vice-President, A. J. Dupignac; Treasurer, Theodore M. Tathill; Recording Secretary, J. L. Livingston; Corresponding Secretary, John R. Wigins; Investigating Committee—George Convolsier, Samuel Archer, George Eailin. The Club is organizing a strong six-oared crew to compete in the annual regata of the Hudson Amatour Association. May 13 is fixed as the opening day.

Amateur dramatic performances have a multitudes who rarely or never go to a theater, being repelled by scruples arising from the usual, if not necessary, necessories of the stage. It will be a faver to this class especially, and to many others as well, favor to this class especially, and to many classes as well we inform them that a company of amateurs, composed of young ladies and gentlemen of the highest character, will give a dramatic performance on Monday evening, at the Hall of the Union League, for the benefit of that valuable institution, the Woman's Medical College of the New York Infirmary. The plays selected are, "A Lucky Hit," and "Who Killed Cock Robin."

THE STATE OF TRADE.

Naw-Orlinays, April 7.—Cotton—Net receipts, 7,363 bales; gross, 7,437 bales; sales, 5,009 bales; stocks 223,257 bales; market quiet but firm; Aliddings, 143,014(c); net receipts of the week, 23,309 bales; gross, 25, 003 bales; exports—16 Liverpool, 14,509 bales; Harper, 8,509 bales; Brennen, 1,725 bales; Antwerp, 2,312 bales; Amsterdam, 4,179 bales; Crosstall, 7,135 bales; Genos, 4,738 bales; Hamburg, 2,231 bales; Barcelong, 0,130 bales, Vera Cruz, 220 bales, and constwise, 7,230 bales; sales, long, 0,00 bales, Vera Cruz, 220 bales, and constwise, 7,230 bales; sales, long, 0,00 bales, Vera Cruz, 220 bales, and constwise, 7,230 bales; sales, long, 0,00 bales, Vera Cruz, 220 bales, and

503, we transport the control of the bales. Mouri.E. April 7.—Cotton—net receipts, 1.045 bales; gross, 1.903 bales; exports—to Great Hritain, 5.741 bales; Continent, 600 bales; coastwise, 85 bales; sales, 550 bales; stock, 54,600 bales; net receipts of the week, 5,101 bales; gross, 6.049 bales; represent Great Britain, 7.193 bales; Continent, 2.042 bales; coastwise, 513 bales; sales, 4,000

hairs.
Willenstroop, N. C., April 7.—Spirits Turpentine firm at 49c. Rosin—
#2 for for Strained, and #5 75 for Pals. Crude Turpentine, #2 10@
#55. Tur strain at #1 75.

LATEST SHIP NEWS. [For other Ship News see Second Page.]

[For other Ship News see Second Page.]

ARRIYED.

Steamship Centipade, Wilhelm, Philadelphia, with coal to Jaz, Hand.
Brig Wilmington (of Windsor, N. S.), Jerriar, Monic. Guadaloupe, 19
days, with sugar to Rernal & Co.; vessel to Hatton, Watson & Co. Left
no reseries, has been 5 days north of Hattoras with N. E. gales.
Brig H. H. Wright (of Searsport), Meyers, Ponce, R.
Brig H. H. Wright (of Searsport), Meyers, Ponce, R.
Brig H. H. Wright (of Searsport), Meyers, Ponce, R.
Brig H. H. Wright (of Searsport), Meyers, Ponce, R.
Brig H. H. Wright (of Searsport), Meyers, Ponce, R.
Brig H. S. Legales for leat ten days, and been seven days north of Hatteras March 15, lat. 21 ion. 60, spoke selbr. E. J. Pallar, Stotano, for Gubound N.; left in port barks Palestline, seeking; Mor Braitmore, loadingt; M. Stowes, for New York, do., A. J. Ross, discharging; Alpha, for
Boston, loading; selras Gariand, for Baltimore, loading; J. W. Elwell,
for Delaware Breakwater, do.
Brig days (of St. John 18). Armstrong, Matannas, H. days, with
molasses to Josus Island Of Hatterns with N. E. and S. E. gales,
with molasses to order; reseal to master. Has had a succession of N. E.
and S. E. gales for last 10 days, and been 5 days untit of Hatteras.
Schr. M. E. Rockhill, Johnson, Georgetown, D. C., for Bridgeport,
April 10, 10 miles E. from Watchapping, passed the wreck of a vessel, aplagranty a schooner, with her decks gone, Izing in a dangerous position
for reasels bound up or down the count.
Schr. Maggie (of Eastport), McNaeden, Zasa, 12 days, with molasses to
order; vessel to Brett, Son & Co. Has been 6 days north of Hatterns
with N. E. gales. Left in port brig James Miller for New-York in 7 days.
Schr. Maggie (of Eastport), McNaeden, Zasa, 12 days, with molasses
with N. E. gales. Left in port brig James Miller for New-York in 7 days.
Schr. Moderator, Rulen, Virginia.
Schr. M. G. Leonard, Clements, Virginia.

Plane, for New York.

Schr. Moderator, Bulen, Virginia.

Schr. M. G. Leonard, Chements, Virginia.

Schr. M. G. Leonard, Chements, Virginia.

Schr. H. G. Leonard, Chements, Virginia.

Schr. Plorence I. Lockwood, St. John, Georgetown, D. C.

Schr. Dawal Siele, School, St. John, Georgetown, D. C.

Schr. Diver Scofeld, Biosoway, Georgetown, D. C.

Schr. D. M. Adirich, Puber, Virginia.

Schr. Neine H. Benedele, Ellis, Billimore, for New-Haven,

Schr. Heine H. Benedele, Ellis, Billimore, for New-Haven,

Schr. Heine H. Benedele, Ellis, Billimore, for New-Haven,

Schr. Henriet Thomas, varginia.

Schr. Hover, Adams, varginia.

Schr. Hooth Bolmes, Bragg. Georgetown, D. C.

Schr. Hannal, Champine, Taylor, Virginia.

Schr. Hooth Bolmes, Bragg. Georgetown, D. C.

Schr. Hannal, Champine, Taylor, Virginia.

Schr. J. S. Glimore, Smith, Georgetown, D. C.

Schr. Heurr J. Raymond, Bennett, Virginia.

Schr. J. S. Shandler, Leo, Richmond.

Schr. Hooter, Luther, Virginia.

Schr. John Tway, Isman, Virginia.

Schr. J. S. Johnson, Smith.

Schr. Johnson, Smith, Schr. Schr. Schr. Schr. Schr. Schr. Moscon, Smith, Schr. Moscon, Schr. Moscon, Schr. Moscon, Smith, Schr. Moscon, Schr. Moscon Losinel, from Maryames T. Agrived, solar, W. H. Jozze, from Perman-SAVANNAH, G., April T. Agrived, steamedly Charleston, from Charlestons, S. C. April T. Arrived, steamedly Charleston, from Charlestons, S. C. April T. Arrived, steamedly Charleston, from New York; selip Reminstern New Orleans, selar, Trals, from Wilmington, tatasan tells, footin, from New Orleans, selar, Trals, from Wilmington, tatasan tells, S. C., and Clars, for Januscoville, Geographory, S. C., and Clars, for Januscoville,

Vice-President; and John G. Pollock, Secretary. A Committee was appointed, composed of Messrs. Appel, Lindeman, Schmitzler, Scheidler, and Frank, to examine the credentials of the district delegations. Bostow, April 7.—Arrived, brig P. M. Tinker, from Pernambneo; sehr. Parrie W. Clark, from Port au-Prince; sehr. M. R. Sampson, from Car-Phovincerows, Mass., April 7.—Arrived, steamship Express, from Philadelphia, for Portland. The Central Council of the Alabama Re-

publican party have protested against the appointment of ex-Senator Warner, or Mr. Buck, ex-Congressman from that State, to any Federal office in Alabama.

Johnson's Anodyne Liniment-Established 1819-for internal nd external use. Used and recommended by Physicians everywhere.

Winchester's Hypophosphites will our Consumerton, on unsurpassed as a Nanyous Toxic and Inviganation.

Hazard & Caswell's Col Liver Oil is the best.

Wedding and Visiting Cards, feithal Stamping Note Paper. E. Evenoull's Sons, 104 Petron at .. opp. Old Durch Caunch.

DIED. BARKER-On Friday morning, April 7, at the residence of her mather, 415 West Twenty-Gratest, Little C. Barker, aged 17 years, eldest damplier of Mary E. and the late Henry R. Barker.
Functal services at Trinity Chapel on Monday, the 10th inst. at 115 o'clock a. m. CARTWRIGHT-On Thursday morning, Mrs. Eather Cartwright, widow

of the late Capt. Alery J. Cartwright, in the 19th year of her age, he relatives and friends of the family are levited to attend her functal from her late residence, 431 Kent-ave., Brooklyn, on Saturday, 8th inst., at Jo'clock. OLEMAN-On Priday, April 7, Emeline Angerine, wife of Robert B.

man.
i services on Sunday, April 2, at 2½ p. m., at the Church of the
Communion, currer of Sixth are and Twentieticsi. The relaand friends of the family are invited to atlent. HALL—On Thursday, April 6, 1871. Warren Spailord Hall, infant son of Samuel B, and Ella S. Hall, aged 2 months and 13 days. The relatives and friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend the luneral from the residence of his grandfatter, John B. Spafford, Na. 121 Leroyest, on Saturday afternoon, April 3, at 1 o'clock.

ACKSON-In Brooklyn, April 7, Edward A. Jackson, son of the late George H. and Helen M. Jackson. teering it and stein M. Jackson, clatives, and friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend the funeral from the residence of his grandmother, Mrs. Sarab A. Jackson, 125 Willow-st., on Sunday afternoon, at J. o'clock, without further

LAPPIN-On Friday, April 7, of consumption, Harriet C., wife of Samuel T. Lappin.

T. Lappin.

The relatives and friends of the family, also the members of Pyramid Lodgs No. 489. F. and A. M., are respectfully invited to attend the funeral services at her late residence, No. 225 West Twentieth-st. on Sanday afternoon, April 2, at 4 o clock. Remains to be taken to West-chester County, N. Y.

McCORMACK—On Thursday evening, April 6, Thomas A., only son of Joseph H, and Blan J. McCormack, aged 2 years and 3 meetins. Fineral from the medicane of his parunts, 122 East Stray destent, this day (Saturday), at 1 of slock. day (Satoriay), at 1 o'clock.

NICHOLS—On Thursday, April 6, Margaret Nichols, in the 55th year of her age, widow of the late Sannel Nichols, esq.

Relatives and acquaintances, and those of her sons, William II, and Edwin Nichols, are respectfully invited to alond the funeral from her late residence, 337 Broomersk, corner of Mulberry, on Sanday afternoon, at 2 o'clock.

noon, at 2 o'clock.

SCOTT—At Plainfield, N. J., Wednesday, April 5, Kate S. Scott, daughter of Rebecca T, and the late Win. Scott.

Puneral services at the residence of her bridher-in-law, Win. P. Humbers, corner Central-are, and Sixth-at., Plainfield, on Saturiar, at 1 s. m. Remains will be interred in Greenwood Cemetery. Carriagns will be at South Ferry, Broadlyn, at 12:15 p. m., to accommodate relatives and friends. Train for Plainfield leaves foot of Liberty-st. at 8 s. m. SEYMOUR.—In Brooklyn, Friday, April 7, of seather feet of about of Liberty-st. at 8 s. m.
SEYMOUR.—In Brooklyn, Friday, April 7, of seather feets, John Ledewick, son of James and Mary L. Seymour of Auburn, N. Y., aged 3
The relatives and friends of the feet. years and 9 months.

In relatives and friends of the family, and those of his grandfather,
John M. Lodevick, and of his uncle, A. C. Strout, are invited to atlend the fuperal from 257 Clinton-st. Brooklyn, on Nunday, April 9, 48
2 p. m. The remains will be taken to Auburn for interment.

SMITH In Easten, Conn., mideonly, Rey, Friend W. Smith of New York Bast Conference, aged 71 years. Fuseral at Bridgeport, Conn., Friday, 24 o'clock p. m. SUDLOW-On Frilar, April 7, John W. Sudlow, sen of the late John Sudlow, in the 34th year of his age.
Funeral to take place from the residence of his mother, 265 Seventhat, on Monday, April 10, at 1 p. m. Friends and relatives are invited to attend.

SEYDAM.—On Priday morning, the 7th Inst., after a short illness. Richard L., chiest son of the late Lumbert Suydam, in the 45th year of Rechard L., chiest son of the family are respectfully invited to attend
the funeral from his late residence, 13d Waverley-place, on Monday
morning, the 19th last, at 10 o'clock, without further notice.

TAYLOR—In Brooklyn, on Friday morning, April 7, Mary Jane Perkins,
wife of Rev. E. E. I. Taylor, in the 40th year of her age.

Puneral services will take place at her late residence, 43d Heary-th
(old number 32y), on Monday, 10th inst., at 3 p c'clock. WAINWRIGHT-On Thursday morning, April 6, J. Howard Wainwright.

Relatives and friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend the functal from Trinity Chapel, Twenty dith-st, near Broadway, on Satarday, the 8th inst., at 3 o'clock p. m.

Special Notices

Invalids, broken flown in besith and spirits by turous Dysoppias, a suffering from the terrible exhaustion which follows the attacks of acute disease, the testimony of thousands who have been raised as by a mirasis from a similar state of prestration by HOSTETTER'S STOMAUS BITTERS, is some guarantee that by the same means you too may be strengthened and restored. But to those who stand in peril of epidemics, strengthened and restored. But to those who stand in peri of epidemies, to all who, by reason of exposure, privations, and uncoagenial climate as unhealthy pursuits, may at any moment be stricked sown, this paragraph is most particularly and emphatically addressed. You, who are thus situated, are professed an absolute safeguard against the danger that memores you. Tone and regulate the system with this harmless medicinal attimulant and alternative, and you will be forearmed against the maladies whose seeds float around you in the air unseen. HOSTETTERS STOMACH BITTERS are not only a standard tooks and alternative throughout the United States, but they are accredited by the certificates of the most distinguished citizens of the Union, to the people of all other lands. In Canada, Australia, and the West Indies, they are gradually taking the place of all other stomachies, whether native or foreign, and as surely as truth is progressive and demonstration averthrows doubt, they will even. ath is progressive and demonstration overthrows doubt, they will even tually supersede every other invigorant and restorative new employed in medicinal practice.

"A Terrible Temptation"

Was CHARLES READE'S Great Story of above name to the Briters of the Journals of pinchbeck radical morality. Until they had got well into the first chapters they did not perceive that it was evidently written to order to fill the columns of the great local newspaper, the New York SUNDAY MERCURY.

It follows suit exactly in the wake of the SUNDAY MERCURY in its terrible exposures of all the hollow pretense of the " I am holler than thou" school. While "A Terrible Temptation" deals its battle-as blows at the white lies of society, it abounds in thrilling scenes of deepest pathos, as well as heart-rending grief.

The fearful sybaritism of the British Aristocracy is lashed by Charles Reads with a scorpion whip, and these "playing band" publishers will soon learn that they are holding up the mirror that reveals the painted lives of their special patrons, the Shoddy Moral Aristocrary.

The SUNDAY MERCURY will publish every writable and line of this wonderful story of A TERRIBLE TEMPTATION, without any excision or suppression. It will give CHARLES READE'S last and greatest work entire-in all its " Naked Truth," and let the gallet jude wisco. Look out for to-morrow's SUNDAY MERCURY for a full justaliment of "A TERRIBLE TEMPTATION."

[From The Journal of Commerce, 9th inst.]

Mr. BIRD, No. 49 Nassaust, who has announced his new at our paper every season for more years than our young reade remember, wishes us to say that he reducing his price to-day not reduced the quality of his work, but still give a fract-day to all heads, wise or otherwise, that present themselves for this part his office. Announcement.

Gents' Eight Dollar Sik HATS for Seren Dollars.
SUCCESS WARRANTS PROGRESSION!
OUR SEVEN DOLLAR HAT IS A SUCCESS.
WE NOW OFFER OUR REGULAR & DRESS HAT FOR &T.
THIS IS PROGRESSION.

THE TIMES DEMAND IT! GENTLEMEN EXPECT IT! Retrenchment, Beonemy, Activity, and getting back to First Principles

be Order of the Day.

EXAMINE-COMPARE-BUT WARNOCK & Co., 519 BROADWAY Youths' HATS in great variety at moderate prices. Boys' and Youths' HATS in great variety at undersite prices.

To Stockholders Commonwealth Fire Insurance Coyou are expressly requested to attend a meeting on MONDAY, the 11th
roston, at Delimonico's, thanhers at and Broadway, at 1 o'clock, to desize measures to relieve the Company from the hands of the Receiver.

April 7, 1871.

Missisquol Spring Water.

This is the original and only Spring Water which has wrought se many wonderful cures in cases of Cancer, Scrothis, and Diseases of the Kidners. For sale by druggiets.

A fresh supply just received by J. F. HENRY, No. 8 College place.

J. F. HENRY, No. 1 Colleg Amidon's Hat Establishment Removed FROM 849 BROADWAY TO No. 220 PIPTH-AV one door above Tweety sixthet. Price for best quality of GENTLE-MEN'S SILK HATS and LADIES RIDING HATS reduced to \$8. At

one door above a vector of the promotes, goods manufactured on the promotes, goods manufactured on the promotes, goods manufactured on the promotes, agents.

J. A. Jackson & Co. Boston.

H. W. Manded, New-Haven.

Bishop be Earnes, Chicago.

John Sabov. Jr. Syracass.

Gillon's Lime-Julce Cordini is strongly recommended by medical seen for general nee, especially during the Spring and Sammer months, as agreeable, cooling, and corrective of the blood and skim. Sold months are generally only all Gracers and Druggists.

WILLIAM PLEMING, Ingerier.

87 Warren et., New-York.

Nicol & Davidson,
Nicol & Davidson,
See EROADWAY, Successors to R. V. Ranghwort & Co.,
Offer A very full line of G-DRIAM PLATEL WARE at manufacturer's prices,
Also, of own manufacture, sarranted best plate SPOONS, PORKS,
TRASETS, ICR-PITCHERS, CASTERS, WAITERS, &c. &c. Children Teething.
The mother finds a failbful friend in MRS. WINSLOWS SOOTHING

SYRUP. It is perfectly reliable and harmless.

Dimmonds. Watches, and Jewelry for SALE by GEO. C.
ALLEN, 513 Broadway, ander St. Nicholas Hotel.

Wall-at. Outdone. Something more valuable than gold, BISHOP SOULE'S LENIMENT. Inquire about it, all dragging here it.